UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/583,323	06/16/2006	Shuji Saiki	2006-0957A	3238
	7590		EXAMINER	
2033 K. STREET, NW			ROBINSON, RYAN C	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			4142	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			05/09/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/583,323	SAIKI ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	RYAN C. ROBINSON	4142				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addre	ss			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	J. nely filed the mailing date of this comm D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>16 Ju</u>	ne 2006.					
	action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	nce except for formal matters, pro	secution as to the m	erits is			
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav	vn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) 6-11 is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 16 June 2006 is/are: a)		by the Examiner				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	=				
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
<u> </u>	nuicuitu undan 25 H.C.C. \$ 440/a)	(d) on (f)				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(a) or (t).				
a) ☑ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Sta	age			
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>6/16/2006</u> .	6) Other:					

Art Unit: 2615

DETAILED ACTION

1. Claims 1-11 are pending in the current application

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yando, U.S. Patent No. 3,727,719, published on 4/17/1973, (hereby Yando), in view of Ward, U.S. Patent No. 4,657,108, published on 4/14/1987, (hereby Ward).
- 3. As to claim 1, Yando discloses a "speaker system" (Fig. 6) comprising "a cabinet" (Fig. 6, element 210), "in which a sealed chamber sealed from outside air" (Col. 7, line 7) "is formed in at least a portion of an interior chamber of the cabinet" (Fig. 6, element 210), a "speaker unit provided in a first opening formed in the cabinet" (Fig. 6, element 215); and a "variable mechanism, provided in a second opening, different from the first opening, formed in the cabinet" (Fig. 6, element 225), "for varying a volume of the sealed chamber of the cabinet" (Col. 4, lines 1-5), "in accordance with at least a pressure variation of a direct current component" (Col. 3, lines 29-30), the variable mechanism moves along the equilibrium plane, and the plane is dependent on atmospheric pressure (Col. 4, lines 29-30), corresponding to the "direct current component".

Yando discloses that the "pressure variation" occurs "in the sealed chamber" (Col. 2, lines 45-50), 'pressure modulations' corresponding to "pressure variation". The "variable mechanism" includes a "plate member" (Fig. 6, element 225), and a

Art Unit: 2615

"supporting member, fixed on the second opening" (Fig. 6, elements 224, 226), "for supporting the platemember" (Col. 7, lines 51-53), "such that the plate member is capable of being displaced in a direction in which the volume of the sealed chamber increases or decreases" (Col. 7, lines 54-55).

It is noted, however, that Yando does not disclose an "adsorption member, disposed in the sealed chamber of the cabinet, for physically adsorbing gas in the sealed chamber".

On the other hand, Ward teaches an "adsorption member" (Fig. 1, element 1), "disposed in the sealed chamber of the cabinet" (Fig. 1, element 20), "for physically adsorbing gas in the sealed chamber" (Col. 1, lines 24-25).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill at the time of applicant's invention to include an adsorption member as taught by Ward for adsorbing gas in the speaker cabinet of Yando, because both Yando and Ward are directed to solving the same problem of reducing pressure variations within an airtight speaker cabinet (Yando: Col. 4, lines 20-23, Ward: Col. 1, lines 39-42). As disclosed by Ward, the motivation for the combination would have been to further decrease the pressure variations in the cabinet, thereby allowing for an even more compact speaker cabinet design desired by Yando (Yando: Col. 2, lines 13-15).

4. As to claims 2 and 3, Ward teaches that the "adsorption member" (Fig. 1, element 20) is a "porous material" (Col. 3, lines 31-32), and is "activated carbon" (Col. 2, lines 51-52).

Application/Control Number: 10/583,323

Art Unit: 2615

5. As to claim 4, Yando teaches that "the interior chamber of the cabinet is formed only by the sealed chamber" (Fig 6, element 210). The cabinet (210) is one chamber, and airtight, (Col. 2, lines 35-36), corresponding to "sealed". The "plate member of the variable mechanism" (Fig. 6, element 225), is "displaced, more easily than a diaphragm of the speaker unit" (Col. 3, lines 34-43). Yando suggests that the compliance of the membrane support and mass of the plate should be proportioned for the desired stiffness of the system, corresponding to "displaced more easily",

Page 4

Yando discloses that the plate member is displaced "in accordance with at least the pressure variation of the direct current component" (Col. 3, lines 29-30), the variable mechanism moves along the equilibrium plane, and the plane is dependent on atmospheric pressure (Col. 4, lines 29-30), corresponding to the "direct current component". The "pressure variation" occurs "in the sealed chamber" (Col. 2, lines 45-50), 'pressure modulations' corresponding to "pressure variation". The displacement occurs "in the direction in which the volume of the sealed chamber increases or decreases" (Col. 7, lines 54-55), "and a resonance frequency of the variable mechanism is lower than that of the speaker unit" (Col. 3, line 34-35). Yando suggests that the mass of the plate should be adjusted for the desired resonance, corresponding to "lower than that of the speaker unit".

6. As to claim 5, Yando discoses a "drone cone", "provided in a third opening, different from the first and the second openings, formed in the cabinet" (Fig. 6, element

Art Unit: 2615

213), "wherein the plate member of the variable mechanism is displaced, more easily than a diaphragm of the drone cone" (Col. 3, lines 34-43). Yando suggests that the compliance of the membrane support and mass of the plate should be proportioned for the desired stiffness of the system, corresponding to "displaced more easily", "in accordance with at least the pressure variation of the direct current component" (Col. 3, lines 29-30), the variable mechanism moves along the equilibrium plane, and the plane is dependent on atmospheric pressure (Col. 4, lines 29-30), corresponding to the "direct current component". The displacement occurs "in the direction in which the volume of the sealed chamber increases or decreases" (Col. 7, lines 54-55), "and the resonance frequency of the variable mechanism is lower than that of the drone cone" (Col. 3, line 34-35). Yando suggests that the mass of the plate should be adjusted for the desired resonance, corresponding to "lower than that of the drone cone".

Allowable Subject Matter

- 7. Claims 6-11 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.
- 8. As to claim 6, both Yando and Ward do not disclose that the variable mechanism includes a "*first parting board*", and that the parting board includes a "*sound hole*".

Art Unit: 2615

Conclusion

The prior art made of record

a. US Patent Number 3,727,719

b. US Publication Number 4,657,108

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ryan C. Robinson whose telephone number is (571) 270-3956. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9 am to 5 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sinh Tran, can be reached on (571) 272-7564. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/RR/

/Sinh N Tran/

Art Unit: 2615

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2615